

BREAST AESTHETICS SURGERY:

Breast Augmentation (Insertion of Implants)

What to Expect

OPERATION DURATION

This surgery is performed under general anaesthetic and usually takes 2 hours.

HOSPITAL STAY

In most cases you are not required to stay overnight and your surgery will be a day case.

HOW LONG SHOULD YOU BOOK OFF WORK

This depends on your profession - If you work in an office/ non-strenuous job 1 week, however if you have a physically demanding job 2-3 weeks. If you are unsure please ask our nurse or Dr Taylor.

If you require a medical certificate please email admin@drduncantaylor.com.au

What Complications May Occur After This Procedure?

GENERAL POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS OF ANY PROCEDURE

- Bleeding
- Infection at surgical site
- Allergic reaction to equipment, materials or medication
- Blood clot in your leg or lungs
- Chest infection

SPECIFIC POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS OF THIS PROCEDURE

- Lump developing under your wound caused by blood collecting (haematoma), this may require further surgery
- Lump developing under your wound caused by fluid collecting (seroma), this may require draining
- Wound healing problems - wound has delayed healing and may open up (dehiscence)
- Asymmetry between breasts
- Numbness or continued pain around your armpit or the inner part of your arm
- Numbness (temporary or permanent) to the breast skin and around the scars

SPECIFIC POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS OF BREAST IMPLANTS

- Capsule contracture, where scar tissue that your body naturally forms thickens and tightens around the implant
- Rupture of implant (consequence of capsular contracture)
- Kinking and rippling (consequence of capsular contracture)
- Infection of the implant
- Breast implant associated illness (BII)
- Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL) - A rare cancer developing within the fluid or capsule surrounding the implant

CONSEQUENCES OF THIS PROCEDURE

- Discomfort, swelling and bruising (temporary)
- Scarring on the breast

How to Prepare for Your Procedure

FASTING

You are required to fast for a General Anaesthesia. You cannot have any food or fluids (including lollies, chewing gum) 6 hours prior to your surgery.

You can have some sips of water only up to 2 hours prior to your surgery and then nothing at all after this time.

If you take regular medication, please check with our nurse to see if you should be taking your medication in the lead up to/on the day of your surgery. Some medications should be withheld.

THE MORNING OF SURGERY

You will be asked to arrive at the hospital approximately 2 hours prior to your surgery start time. Our Practice Manager will email you your admission information, which will include time and where to go, 1-2 weeks prior to your surgery date.

Dr Taylor will see you in the pre operative area before you go into theatre. He will mark out your breasts for your surgery. This process needs to be completed whilst you are awake, as he requires you in a standing position.

PRE-OP WASH

Please purchase a pre-op chlorhexidine wash from the pharmacy. Use this whilst showering, the night before and the morning of your surgery.

DRAINS

You will not routinely have any drains.

SUPPORT GARMENT

You will need to purchase a surgical compression bra prior to your surgery. Please bring this with you on the day of surgery - bring it into the theatre.

Wear your garment **24/7 for 6 weeks (including in the hospital)**, you can remove the garment to shower.

Post-Operative Instructions

ACTIVITY

You can get up and moving the same day after your surgery, once you have recovered from your general anaesthetic. Please do not do any physical activity or heavy lifting over 10 kgs for 4-6 weeks. No rigorous activities including tennis, horse riding, golf or aerobics for 8 weeks. After this time you can ease back into your usual activities.

You can drive after approximately 1 - 2 weeks or when you feel able.

PAIN RELIEF

You should not be in significant pain after your surgery. You will be prescribed regular pain relief by your anaesthetist, for on the ward post surgery. If you have pain on top of this, you should ask for additional pain medication, which will be prescribed on your drug chart should you need it.

You will not be discharged from the hospital until your pain is well managed on oral medications. Please take paracetamol regularly and your stronger pain relief, if required. If you have severe pain that is not responding to the pain relief, please phone our nurse during office hours.

Please do not put ice packs or heat packs on your wounds. Do not take aspirin.

ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES

You may be prescribed some anti-inflammatories whilst you are in hospital and you will also be discharged with some. Please take the entire course, even if you are not in pain. Please take this medication as prescribed on the box by your anaesthetist.

ANTIBIOTICS

You will be given a 5 days course of oral antibiotics. Please take the full course.

BLEEDING

If the wound starts to bleed, please apply firm pressure for 15 minutes. If a dressing is in place, please do this over the top of the dressing (do not remove the dressing).

This should control the bleeding. However, if it is not easily controlled or does not subside, please phone our nurse specialist during working hours, go to an after-hours GP clinic or visit an emergency department.

INFECTION

If your wound becomes hot, swollen, oozes pus, or you are spiking temperatures, the wound may be infected. Please phone our nurse immediately within business hours or attend your GP, after-hours GP or Emergency.

REMOVAL OF SUTURES

Sutures used during these procedures do not require removing and they will dissolve on their own.

WOUND & DRESSING CARE

Dermabond Prineo (surgical tape glue) dressing will be placed directly on your wounds. This dressing remains in situ for 3-4 weeks, without being changed. It is waterproof and allows the wound to breathe. Pat dry following a shower, before putting the bra back on. Remove the dressing at home after 4 weeks, and the wounds should then be completely healed.

Do not immerse the wound in water (e.g., swimming or bathing) for 4-6 weeks or until the wound is completely healed.

Bruising takes about 2-3 weeks to resolve, and swelling can take 3-6 months to resolve completely.

SLEEP

Do not sleep on your stomach for 6 weeks.

MASSAGING FOR SCAR REDUCTION

Commence massaging your scars once your dressings are removed and wounds have healed – approximately 3-4 weeks post-op.

It is recommended that you massage your scars with a good moisturiser (e.g. Sorbolene or QV) or Bio-Oil for 2 minutes, twice daily. Wipe off any excess product, then apply either:

- A silicone gel (e.g. Strataderm), which dries to form a protective film over the scar, or
- Silicone tape.

Continue this treatment for 3–6 months.

Other Useful Tips

The power outlet in your hospital room is often quite far away from your bed. We suggest bringing a long charging cable for your phone, so you can keep it in reach.

Follow Up

Dr Taylor will be in contact with the nurses looking after you on the ward. If you are well post-op, he will discharge you after speaking with your nurse over the phone. He will only come in to see you on the ward if you are having any issues.

If you are concerned at all or have any questions, please phone our clinic to speak with our practice nurse.

Follow up appointments:

- 5-10 days after your procedure post surgery wound check in our nurse clinic.
- 6 weeks post surgery review in Dr Duncan Taylor's day clinic.